

**WESTERN KANSAS GROUNDWATER
MANAGEMENT DISTRICT NO. 1**

STATUTORY BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

WESTERN KANSAS GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT NO. 1

STATUTORY BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors
Western Kansas Groundwater
Management District No. 1
Scott City, Kansas 67871

We have audited the accompanying statutory basis financial statements of the Western Kansas Groundwater Management District No. 1, Scott City, Kansas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, as listed in the table of contents. These statutory basis financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statutory basis financial statements based on our audit. The prior year comparative information has been derived from the District's 2008 financial statements and, in our report dated March 10, 2009, we expressed an unqualified opinion on the statutory basis financial statements prepared on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the Kansas Municipal Audit Guide. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 1, the District prepared these statutory basis financial statements using accounting practices prescribed by the State of Kansas to demonstrate compliance with the cash basis and budget laws of the State of Kansas, which practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between these regulatory accounting practices and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

In our opinion, because of the effects of the matter described in the preceding paragraph, the statutory basis financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Western Kansas Groundwater Management District No. 1, Scott City, Kansas, as of December 31, 2009, or the changes in its financial position, or where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended. Further, the District has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

In our opinion, the statutory basis financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the cash and unencumbered cash balances of the Western Kansas Groundwater Management District No. 1, Scott City, Kansas, as of December 31, 2009, and its cash receipts and expenditures, and budgetary comparisons, for the year then ended, taken as a whole under the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

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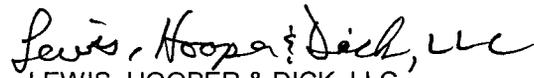
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Board of Directors
Western Kansas Groundwater
Management District No. 1
Scott City, Kansas 67871

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the statutory basis financial statements of the Western Kansas Groundwater Management District No. 1, Scott City, Kansas, taken as a whole. The accompanying financial information listed as supplemental schedules in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the statutory basis financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the statutory basis financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the statutory basis financial statements taken as a whole on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.


LEWIS, HOOPER & DICK, LLC

February 18, 2010

WESTERN KANSAS GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT NO. 1
 Summary of Cash Receipts, Expenditures
 and Unencumbered Cash
 For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Fund	Unencumbered Cash 01-01-09	Cash Receipts	Expenditures	Unencumbered Cash 12-31-09	Outstanding Encumbrances and Payables	Treasurer's Cash 12-31-09
Governmental Funds:						
General	\$ 245,250	\$ 300,560	\$ 322,251	\$ 223,559	\$ 7,152	\$ 230,711
Special Revenue:						
Weather Modification Program	<u>211,005</u>	<u>376,990</u>	<u>389,904</u>	<u>198,091</u>	<u>4,780</u>	<u>202,871</u>
Total Reporting Entity (memorandum only)	<u>\$ 456,255</u>	<u>\$ 677,550</u>	<u>\$ 712,155</u>	<u>\$ 421,650</u>	<u>\$ 11,932</u>	<u>\$ 433,582</u>

Composition of cash:

First National Bank - Dighton Checking account	\$ 24,780
First National Bank - Scott City Money market account	205,931
Security State Bank Checking account	100,072
Money market account	<u>102,799</u>
Total cash	<u>\$ 433,582</u>

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

WESTERN KANSAS GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT NO. 1
Summary of Expenditures - Actual and Budget
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Certified Budget</u>	<u>Expenditures Chargeable to Current Year Budget</u>	<u>Variance Over (Under)</u>
Governmental Type Funds:			
General	\$ 356,000	\$ 322,251	\$ (33,749)

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

WESTERN KANSAS GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT NO. 1
 General Fund
 Statement of Cash Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget
 For the Year Ended December 31, 2009
 (With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2008)

	Prior Year	Current Year		Variance Over Under
		Actual	Budget	
Cash receipts:				
Taxes	\$ 275,259	\$ 288,031	\$ 274,000	\$ 14,031
Interest	6,081	3,869	5,000	(1,131)
Reimbursements	500	4,364	-	4,364
Transfer in	5,919	3,041	13,000	(9,959)
Other	3,690	1,255	-	1,255
Total cash receipts	291,449	300,560	\$ 292,000	\$ 8,560
Expenditures:				
General government:				
Salaries and benefits:				
Salaries and payroll taxes	175,778	193,977	\$ 200,000	\$ (6,023)
Administration:				
Office expenses	7,199	4,928	5,000	(72)
Computer and equipment expenses	2,366	695	1,000	(305)
Purchases	322	270	1,000	(730)
Travel and meetings	16,102	11,926	10,000	1,926
Publishing and legal	796	2,711	1,200	1,511
Telephone	3,879	2,927	4,500	(1,573)
Utilities	3,762	3,687	4,500	(813)
Insurance	10,448	12,103	11,000	1,103
Postage	2,126	2,167	3,500	(1,333)
Vehicle expense and fuel	10,491	5,815	8,000	(2,185)
Supplies	963	2,878	1,000	1,878
Health insurance	36,996	35,172	35,000	172
Newsletter	2,714	1,919	6,000	(4,081)
Other	8,747	12,248	10,000	2,248
Total administration	106,911	99,446	101,700	(2,254)
Commodities:				
Contingency	-	7,934	33,406	(25,472)
Weather modification participation	21,938	20,894	20,894	-
Total expenditures	304,627	322,251	\$ 356,000	\$ (33,749)
Receipts under expenditures	(13,178)	(21,691)		
Unencumbered cash, beginning	258,428	245,250		
Unencumbered cash, ending	\$ 245,250	\$ 223,559		

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

WESTERN KANSAS GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT NO. 1
Weather Modification Program
Statement of Cash Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009
(With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2008)

	Prior Year	Current Year		Variance Over Under
		Actual	Internal Budget	
Cash receipts:				
Program participation	\$ 243,465	\$ 218,847	\$ 221,670	\$ (2,823)
Interest	1,499	1,793	1,500	293
Reimbursements	5,047	150	-	150
State payments	240,000	156,200	156,200	-
Total cash receipts	490,011	376,990	\$ 379,370	\$ (2,380)
Expenditures:				
Salaries and payroll taxes	174,239	187,748	\$ 180,000	\$ 7,748
Contractual services:				
Pilot training	3,160	3,160	3,200	(40)
Insurance	54,416	39,965	38,000	1,965
Health insurance	31,117	18,423	21,000	(2,577)
Utilities	2,237	1,984	2,300	(316)
Telephone	5,631	4,943	5,500	(557)
Per diem	17,575	19,491	20,000	(509)
Licenses and permits	200	3,300	2,000	1,300
Hangar rent	1,704	1,642	2,000	(358)
Labor	15,908	1,905	10,000	(8,095)
Lobbyist	10,000	10,000	10,000	-
Total contractual services	141,948	104,813	114,000	(9,187)
Commodities:				
Legal fees and publications	25	25	100	(75)
Fuel and oil	45,472	27,635	35,000	(7,365)
Supplies	4,348	1,303	5,000	(3,697)
Freight and postage	2,966	2,177	3,000	(823)
Maintenance and repairs	8,286	12,441	35,000	(22,559)
Equipment purchases	10,385	725	10,000	(9,275)
Seeding agents	65,896	41,160	40,000	1,160
Travel	1,999	4,812	5,000	(188)
Computer	-	-	1,000	(1,000)
Other and contingency	5,391	4,024	10,000	(5,976)
Total commodities	144,768	94,302	144,100	(49,798)
Transfers out	5,919	3,041	6,000	(2,959)
Total expenditures	466,874	389,904	\$ 444,100	\$ (54,196)
Receipts over (under) expenditures	23,137	(12,914)		
Unencumbered cash, beginning	187,868	211,005		
Unencumbered cash, ending	<u>\$ 211,005</u>	<u>\$ 198,091</u>		

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

WESTERN KANSAS GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT NO. 1
Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

1. Summary of significant accounting policies

The Western Kansas Groundwater Management District No. 1 was incorporated under provisions of the State of Kansas. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial reporting entity

The District is governed by an elected board. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the Western Kansas Groundwater Management District No. 1 (the primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the District's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the District.

However, the District has no organizations, functions or activities which are considered component units of the District.

B. Measurement focus, basis of accounting and basis of presentation

These financial statements are presented on a basis of accounting which demonstrates compliance with the cash basis and budget laws of the State of Kansas. Cash receipts are recognized when the cash balance of a fund is increased. Expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable and encumbrances, with disbursements being adjusted for prior year's accounts payable and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods and services, and are usually evidenced by a purchase order or written contract. For an interfund transaction, a cash receipt is recorded in the fund receiving cash from another fund, and an expenditure is recorded in the fund from which the transfer is made.

C. Waiver of financial reporting requirements

The District's Board has determined by resolution that financial statements prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America are not relevant to the requirements of the cash basis and budget laws of the State of Kansas and are of no significant value to the Board, the District or the members of the general public of the District. The District approved the resolution which served as notice of the Board's election to waive the requirements for reporting of its financial data in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as provided and authorized by K.S.A. 75-1120a.

D. Departure from generally accepted accounting principles

The basis of accounting described above results in a financial statement presentation which shows cash receipts, cash disbursements, cash and unencumbered cash balances, and expenditures compared to budget. Balance sheets that would have shown noncash assets such as receivables, inventories and prepaid expense; liabilities such as deferred revenue and matured principal and interest payable; and reservations of the fund balance are not presented. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, encumbrances are only recognized as a reservation of fund balance; encumbrances outstanding at year end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Consequently, the expenditures as reported do not present the cost of goods and services received during the fiscal year in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Capital assets that account for the land, buildings and equipment owned by the District are not presented in the financial statements. Also, long-term debt such as general obligation bonds, revenue bonds, capital leases, temporary notes and compensated absences are not presented in the financial statements.

WESTERN KANSAS GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT NO. 1
Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

E. Fund accounting

A fund is defined as an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations. The following types of funds are used by the District:

Governmental Funds

General Fund - to account for all unrestricted resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - This group of accounts is to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted by law or administrative action to expenditures for specified purposes.

F. Budget and tax cycle

Kansas statutes require that an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund, special revenue funds (unless specifically exempted by statute), debt service funds and enterprise funds. Although directory rather than mandatory, the statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

1. Preparation of the budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before the District's annual meeting.
2. Publication in local newspaper of the notice of public hearing on the budget at least twenty-eight days before the annual meeting.
3. Public hearing at the annual meeting, but at least twenty-eight days after publication of notice of hearing.
4. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25th.

The statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously unbudgeted increases in revenue other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least ten days after publication, the hearing may be held and the governing body may amend the budget at that time. In 2009, there were no such budget amendments.

The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level. The statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget comparison statements are presented for each fund showing actual receipts and expenditures compared to legally budgeted receipts and expenditures.

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting, modified further by the encumbrance method of accounting. Revenues are recognized when cash is received. Expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable and encumbrances, with disbursements being adjusted for prior year's accounts payable and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments by the municipality for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. All unencumbered appropriations (legal budget expenditure authority) lapse at year-end.

WESTERN KANSAS GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT NO. 1
Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

F. Budget and tax cycle (continued)

A legal operating budget is not required for capital projects funds, trust funds and certain special revenue funds. Spending in funds which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirement are controlled by federal regulations, other statutes or by the use of internal spending limits established by the governing body. The Weather Modification Program is a special revenue fund not subject to a legal budget.

G. Property taxes and special assessments

The determination of assessed valuations and the collections of property taxes for all political subdivisions in the State of Kansas is the responsibility of the counties. The County Appraiser annually determines assessed valuations based on real property transactions as recorded by the Register of Deeds and personal property holdings reported by taxpayers. The County Clerk spreads the annual assessment on the tax rolls and the County Treasurer collects the taxes for all taxing entities within the County.

Taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis, are levied and become a lien on the property on November 1st of each year. The County Treasurer is the tax collection agent for all taxing entities within the County. Property owners have the option of paying one-half or the full amount of the taxes levied on or before December 20th during the year levied with the balance to be paid on or before May 10th of the ensuing year. State statutes prohibit the County Treasurer from distributing the taxes collected in the year levied prior to January 1st of the ensuing year. One-half of the property taxes are due December 20th and distributed to the District by January 20th to finance a portion of the current year's budget. The second half is due May 10th and distributed to the District by June 5th.

Kansas statutes require projects financed in part by special assessments to be financed through the issuance of general obligation bonds which are secured by the full faith and credit of the District. Special assessments received prior to or after the issuance of general obligation bonds are recorded as revenue in the appropriate project fund. Further, state statutes require levying additional general ad valorem property taxes in the Debt Service Fund to finance delinquent special assessments receivable.

H. Cash and investments

Cash resources of the individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash and investments which is managed by the District (except for investments in the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool). Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, time deposits and certificates of deposit. Investments of the pooled accounts consist primarily of investments with the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool and U.S. government securities carried at cost, which approximates market. Interest income earned, unless specifically designated, is allocated to the general fund.

I. Other post employment benefits

As provided by K.S.A. 12-5040, the District allows retirees to participate in the group health insurance plan. While each retiree pays the full amount of the applicable premium, conceptually, the District is subsidizing the retirees because each participant is charged a level premium regardless of age. However, the cost of this subsidy has not been quantified in these financial statements.

Under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA), the District makes health care benefits available to eligible former employees and eligible dependents. Certain requirements are outlined by the federal government for this coverage. The premium is paid in full by the insured. There is no cost to the District under this program.

WESTERN KANSAS GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT NO. 1
Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

J. Compensated absences

The District's policy is to recognize the costs of compensated absences when actually paid.

The District's policies regarding leave pay permits employees to accumulate leave days up to a maximum of 30 days. The District has estimated the dollar amount of accumulated leave pay at December 31, 2009, at \$28,337.

Sick leave accumulates at the rate of 4 hours every two weeks. There is no maximum accumulation and no reimbursement upon leaving the District.

K. Interfund transactions

Quasi-external transactions (i.e., transactions that would be treated as revenues or expenses if they involved organizations external to the governmental unit, such as internal service fund billings to departments) are accounted for as cash receipts or expenditures. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

L. Reimbursements

A reimbursement is an expenditure or expense initially made in one fund, but properly attributable to another fund. For example, it is common for the general fund to pay a vendor's bill and have portions of it reimbursed by other funds. In accounting for such reimbursements, the District records an expenditure (or expense) in the reimbursing fund, and a reduction of expenditure (or expense) in the reimbursed fund, following the authoritative guidance of the *Governmental Accounting, Auditing and Financial Reporting*.

M. Memorandum totals

Total columns on the financial statements are captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. No consolidated financial information is presented nor is all required disclosures presented for these amounts.

2. Deposits and investments

A reconciliation of cash and investments as shown in the composition of cash on the summary of cash receipts, expenditures and unencumbered cash on Statement 1 is as follows:

Carrying amount of deposits	<u>\$</u>	433,582
Total cash	<u>\$</u>	<u>433,582</u>

K.S.A. 9-1401 establishes the depositories which may be used by the District. The statute requires banks eligible to hold the District's funds have a main or branch bank in the county in which the District is located, or in an adjoining county if such institution has been designated as an official depository, and the banks provide an acceptable rate of return on funds. In addition, K.S.A. 9-1402 requires the banks to pledge securities for deposits in excess of FDIC coverage. The District has no other policies that would further limit interest rate risk.

WESTERN KANSAS GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT NO. 1
Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

2. Deposits and investments (continued)

K.S.A. 12-1675 limits the District's investment of idle funds to time deposits, open accounts, and certificates of deposit with allowable financial institutions; U.S. government securities; temporary notes; no-fund warrants; repurchase agreements; and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of credit risk

State statutes place no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer as long as the investments are adequately secured under K.S.A. 9-1402 and 9-1405.

Custodial credit risk - deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require the District's deposits in financial institutions to be entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held under a joint custody receipt issued by a bank within the State of Kansas, the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City or the Federal Home Loan Bank of Topeka except during designated "peak periods" when required coverage is 50%. The District does not use designated "peak periods".

At December 31, 2009, the District's carrying amount of deposits was \$433,582 and the bank balance was \$456,835. Of the bank balance, 100% was held by three banks resulting in a concentration of credit risk. Of the bank balance, \$456,835 was covered by federal depository insurance. The District's cash deposits at year-end are as follows:

	<u>First National Bank - Dighton</u>	<u>First National Bank - Scott City</u>	<u>Security State Bank</u>
FDIC coverage	\$ 44,985	\$ 205,941	\$ 205,909
Pledged securities at market value	-	-	259,083
Total coverage	<u>\$ 44,985</u>	<u>\$ 205,941</u>	<u>\$ 464,992</u>
Funds on deposit	<u>\$ 44,985</u>	<u>\$ 205,941</u>	<u>\$ 205,909</u>
Funds at risk	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Custodial credit risk - investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the issuer or counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require investments to be adequately secured. The District had no investments of this type at December 31, 2009.

3. Long-term debt

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2009, were as follows:

	<u>Balance 01-01-09</u>	<u>Net Change</u>	<u>Balance 12-31-09</u>
Employee compensated absences payable, net	\$ 25,216	\$ 3,121	\$ 28,337
Total long-term debt	<u>\$ 25,216</u>	<u>\$ 3,121</u>	<u>\$ 28,337</u>

WESTERN KANSAS GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT NO. 1
Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

4. Risk management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

5. Compliance with Kansas statutes

References made herein to the statutes are not intended as interpretations of law, but are offered for consideration of the Director of Accounts and Reports and interpretation by the County Attorney and the legal representative of the District. No known violations occurred during 2009.

6. Defined benefit pension plan

The Western Kansas Groundwater Management District No. 1, contributes to the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as provided by KSA 74-4901, *et seq.* KPERS provides retirement benefits, life insurance, disability income benefits, and death benefits. Kansas law establishes and amends benefit provisions. KPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to KPERS (611 S. Kansas Avenue, Topeka, KS 66603-3869) or by calling 1-888-275-5737.

Funding policy: K.S.A. 74-4919 establishes the KPERS member-employee contribution rate at up to 6% of covered salary. The employer collects and remits member-employee contributions according to the provisions of section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code. State law provides that the employer contribution rate be determined annually based on the results of an annual actuarial valuation. KPERS is funded on an actuarial reserve basis. State law sets a limitation on annual increases in the employer contribution rates. The employer rate established by statute for calendar year 2009 is 6.54%. The Western Kansas Groundwater Management District No. 1's contributions to KPERS for the years ending December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007, were \$15,128, \$14,670, and \$12,176, respectively, equal to the statutory required contributions for each year.

7. Interfund transfers between funds

Interfund operating transfers are as follows:

<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>	<u>Statutory Authority</u>	
Weather Modification Program	General	82a-1028	\$ 3,041
Total			<u>\$ 3,041</u>

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

WESTERN KANSAS GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT NO. 1
 Schedule of Changes in Fixed Assets
 For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

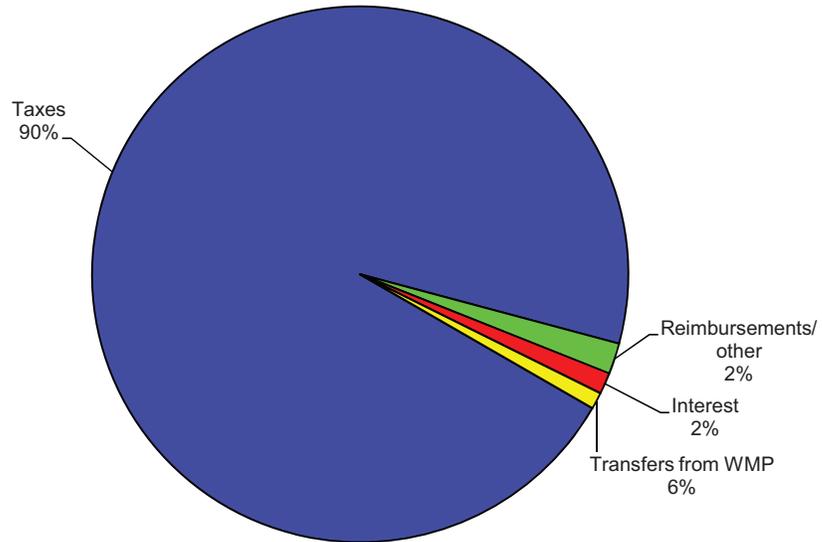
	<u>Equipment</u>	<u>Buildings and Improvements</u>	<u>Totals</u>
Balance, January 1, 2009	\$ 1,303,604	\$ 133,373	\$ 1,436,977
Additions	<u>1,336</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,336</u>
Total beginning balance and additions	1,304,940	133,373	1,438,313
Deductions	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Balance, December 31, 2009	<u>\$ 1,304,940</u>	<u>\$ 133,373</u>	<u>\$ 1,438,313</u>

Schedule of Changes in Fixed Assets
 For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

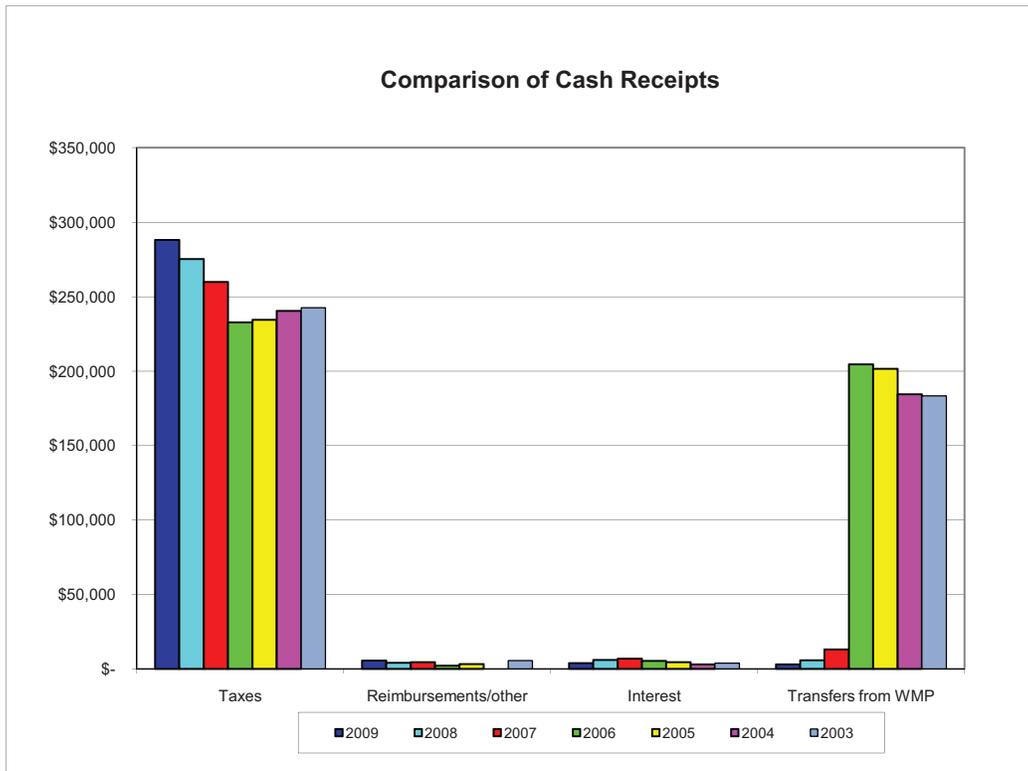
	<u>Equipment</u>	<u>Buildings and Improvements</u>	<u>Totals</u>
Balance, January 1, 2008	\$ 1,297,947	\$ 133,373	\$ 1,431,320
Additions	<u>6,162</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,162</u>
Total beginning balance and additions	1,304,109	133,373	1,437,482
Deductions	<u>505</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>505</u>
Balance, December 31, 2008	<u>\$ 1,303,604</u>	<u>\$ 133,373</u>	<u>\$ 1,436,977</u>

WESTERN KANSAS GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT NO. 1
 Comparison of Cash Receipts - General Fund
 For the Years Ended December 31

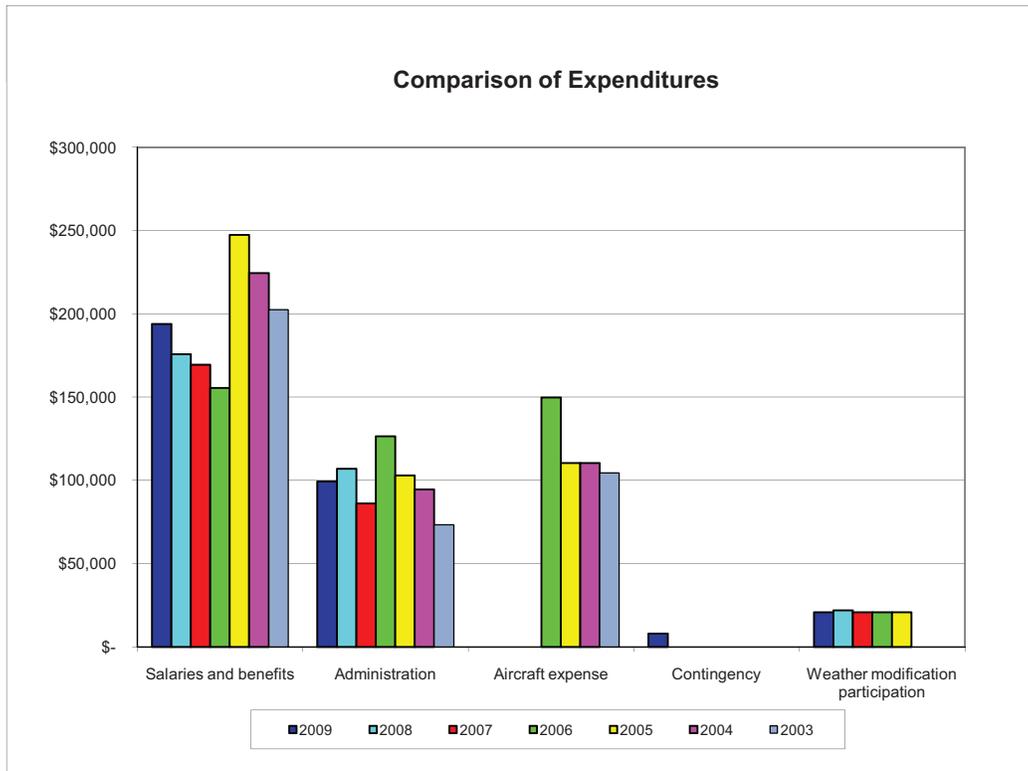
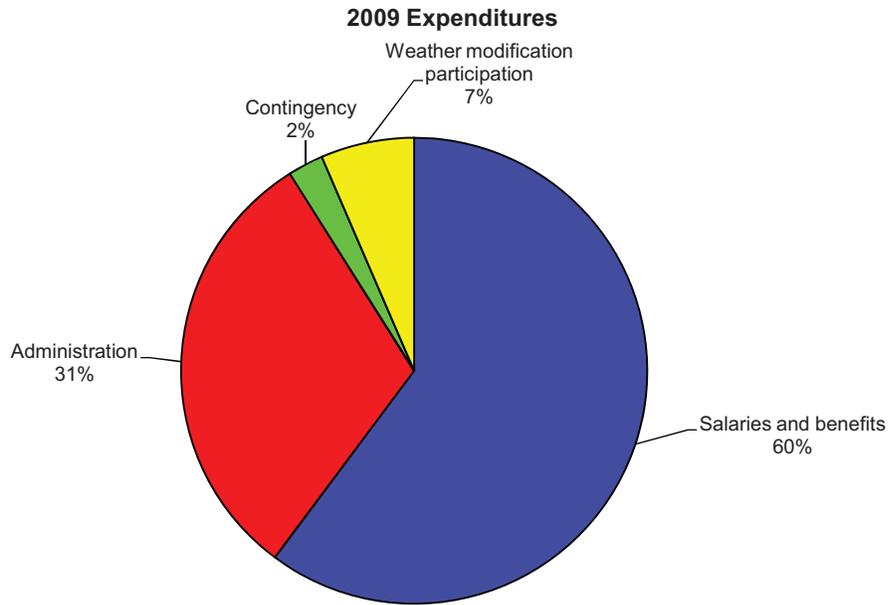
2009 Cash Receipts



Comparison of Cash Receipts

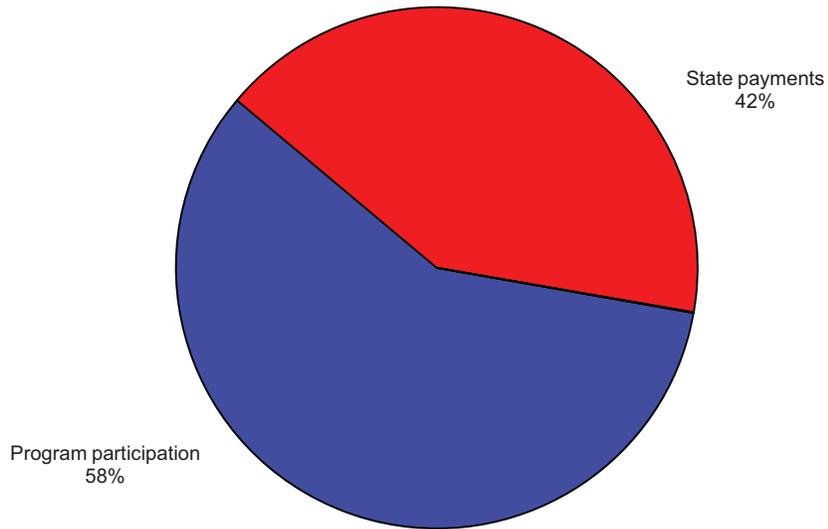


WESTERN KANSAS GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT NO. 1
 Comparison of Expenditures - General Fund
 For the Years Ended December 31

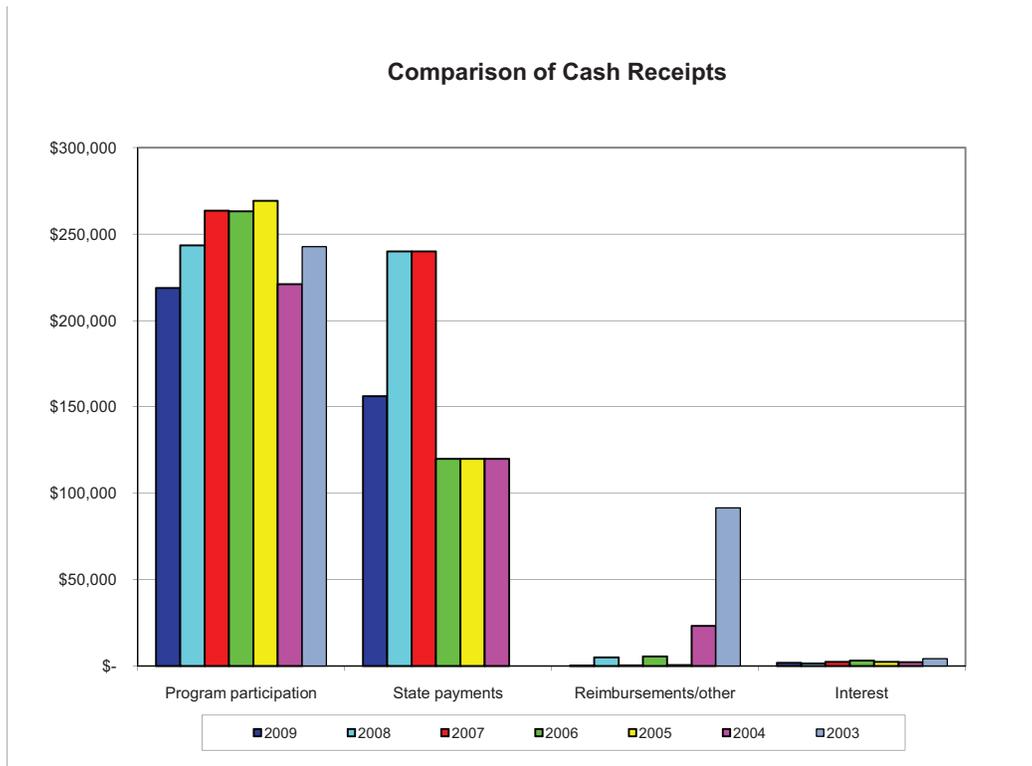


WESTERN KANSAS GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT NO. 1
 Comparison of Cash Receipts - Weather Modification Program Fund
 For the Years Ended December 31

2009 Cash Receipts



Comparison of Cash Receipts



WESTERN KANSAS GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT NO. 1
 Comparison of Expenditures - Weather Modification Program Fund
 For the Years Ended December 31

